Statement-III

Statement indicating estimated energy requirement, Statewise, at the end of Seventh Five Year Plan (1989-90)

State/U.T.	*Estimated* 1989-90
ENERGY REQUIREMENT (MU)	
Haryana	9266
Himachal Pradesh	1350
Jammu & Kashmir	3047
Punjab	15313
Rajasthan	13613
Uttar Pradesh	30749
Chandigarh	531
Delhi	7217
Gujarat	22640
Madhya Pradesh	16127
Maharashtra	37011
Goa, Daman & Diu	879
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	2009
Andhra Pradesh	20486
Karnataka	17263
Kerala	8647
Tamil Nadu	22496
Pondicherry	404
D.V.C.	11359
Bihar (Excl. DVC)	6438
West Bengal (Excl. DVC)	10569
Orissa	10552
Sikkim	605
North Eastern Region	3389
All India	269339

Production of medicines

1245. SHRI RAFIQUE ALAM: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that drug companies are increasing the production of price-exempted medicines and reducing the production of essential medicines;

(b) if so, what was the annual sales turnover of ten leading drug companies and what was the percentage sales of the exempted category of medicines during the last three years, yearwise; and

(c) what was the price of each price exempted category medicine in 1980 and what is the present price?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICALS AND PETRO-CHEMICALS IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI R. K. JAICHANDRA SINGH): (a) In general the production of drugs whether they are price controlled or exempted from price control is increasing.

(b) Information to the extent available is given in attached Statement [*See* Appendix CXL, Annexure No. 53].

(c) The number of price decontrolled medicines produced by various drug companies is quite large. Time and efforts by involved in collecting the information asked for would not be commensurate with the results likely to be achieved.

Production of bulk drugs

1246. SHRI RAJNI RANJAN SAHU: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the imports of bulk drugs are going up and indigenous production of those drugs is going down despite the fact that capacities of those drugs are lying idle;

(b) whether it is also a fact that the major cause for such a situation is that import duty on inputs going into the production of drugs is much higher than the duty on the finished drugs;

(c) what is the present duty on finished bulk drugs and inputs separately; and

(d) what are the reasons for levying lower custom duty on finished drugs than that on the inputs going in to the production of those drugs?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICALS AND PETRO-CHEMICALS IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI R. K. JAICHANDRA SINGH): (a) Both imports and indigenous production have gone up because of increase in demand.

(b) The question of rationalisation of duties wherever necessary, is under examination.

(c) The present normal rate of customs duty on bulk drugs is 100 per cent advalorem. Differential rates of duty are levied on the inputs used by the drug industry vary from zero per cent to 141.5 per cent.

(d) The duty rates on bulk drugs and inputs used for the production of bulk drugs are reviewed from time to time looking to the requirements of the country.

Production Hydrocortisone

1247. SHRI RAJNI RANJAN SAHU: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) the names of the drugs companies which are licensed to produce Hydrocortisone, Prednisolone Cortisone Prednislone, Dexamethasone Betamethasone and its salts alongwith licensed capacity of each;

(b) what is the basic material permitted for the production of these items;

(c) whether it is a fact that most of these drugs are being produced from imported intermediates rather than basic material; and

(d) if so, what is the yearwise quantity of each intermediate imported or procured by imported material by each company for the production of these drugs during the last three years?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT oF CHEMICALS AND PETRO-CHEMICALS IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI R. K. JAICHANDRA SINGH): (a) to (c) Details are given in the attached Statement [*See* Appendix CXL, Annexure No. 54].

(d) Details of imports are published in the "monthly statistics for foreign trade in India" Vol. II. copies of which are available in the Parliament Library. Company-wise imports are not monitored.

Losses sustained by public sectors

1248. SHRI P. N. SUKUL: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) what are the details of the losses sustained by different public undertakings particularly the Steel Authority of India Ltd., Coal India Ltd., Electricity Undertakings and various Road Transport Corporations by the end of the Financial year 1985-86;

(b) which public sector undertakings are in the red and to what extent; and

(c) what is the strategy of the Government to mitigate these losses and how far this strategy has been successful in the current year?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC ENTERPRISES IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (PROF. K. K. TEWARY): (a) and (b) The accounts of some of the enterprises for the year 85-86 are still under finalisation and audit. It will therefore take so more time to get the working results of all the enterprises for 1985-86 based on their approved accounts. However based on the audited accounts already received so far the profit and loss position in respect of some of the major Central Public Enterprises under Steel, Power and Road Transport is as follows:—

	Net profit (+)/ Loss (—) (Rs. in crores)
Steel Authority of India Ltd.	(+) 159.05
National Thermal power Corpn Ltd.	(+) 182.95
National Hydro-Electric Power Corporation Ltd.	(+) 18.79
Delhi Transport Corpn.	(—) 176.92